
pytest-wdl

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USER MANUAL

pytest-wdl is a plugin for the [pytest](#) unit testing framework that enables testing of workflows written in [Workflow Description Language](#). Test workflow inputs and expected outputs are *configured* in a `test_data.json` file. Workflows are run by one or more *executors*. By default, actual and expected outputs are compared by MD5 hash, but data type-specific comparisons are provided. Data types and executors are pluggable and can be provided via third-party packages.

1.1 Dependencies

- Python 3.6+
- At least one of the supported workflow engines (see [Limitations](#) for known limitations of these workflow engines):
 - [Miniwdl](#) (v0.6.4 is automatically installed as a dependency of pytest-wdl)
 - [Cromwell](#) JAR file (pytest-wdl is currently tested with Cromwell v48)
 - [dxWDL](#) JAR file (pytest-wdl is currently tested with dxWDL v1.42)
- Java-based workflow engines (e.g. Cromwell and dxWDL) require a Java runtime (typically 1.8+)
- If your WDL tasks depend on Docker images, make sure to have the [Docker](#) daemon running

Other python dependencies are installed when you install the library.

1.2 Installation

1.2.1 Install from PyPI

```
$ pip install pytest-wdl
```

1.2.2 Install from source

You can to clone the repository and install:

```
$ make install
```

Or use pip to install from github:

```
$ pip install git+https://github.com/elilillyco/pytest-wdl.git
```

1.2.3 Install optional dependencies

Some optional features of pytest-wdl have additional dependencies that are loaded on-demand.

The plugins that have extra dependencies are:

- **dx**: Support for DNAnexus file storage, and for the dxWDL executor.
- **bam**: More intelligent comparison of expected and actual BAM file outputs of a workflow than just comparing MD5 checksums.
- **http**: Support for executors that use HTTPS protocol to communicate with a remote server (e.g. Cromwell Server)
- **yaml**: Support using YAML for configuration and test data files. Note that `.yaml` files are ignored if a `.json` file with the same prefix is present.
- **progress**: Show progress bars when downloading remote files.

To install a plugin's dependencies:

```
$ pip install pytest-wdl[<plugin>]
```

To do this locally, you can clone the repo and run:

```
$ pip install -e .[<data_type>]
```

To install pytest-wdl and **all** extras dependencies:

```
$ pip install pytest-wdl[all]
```

1.3 Quick Start

The full code for this quick-start project is available in the [examples](#) directory.

To demonstrate how to use pytest-wdl, we will create a simple variant calling workflow and tests with the following project structure:

```
quickstart
|_variant_caller.wdl
|_tests
|  |_data
|  | |_NA12878.chr22.tiny.vcf
|  |_test_data.json
|  |_test_variant_caller.py
```


Our workflow is shown below. It requires a BAM file and a reference sequence, it calls a task to perform variant calling using [Freebayes](#), and it returns a VCF file with the called variants.

```
version 1.0

struct Reference {
  File fasta
  String organism
}

workflow call_variants {
  input {
    File bam
    Reference ref
  }

  call freebayes {
    input:
      bam=bam,
      index=ref
  }

  output {
    File vcf = freebayes.vcf
  }
}

task freebayes {...}
```

Now you want to test that your workflow runs successfully. You also want to test that your workflow always produces the same output with a given input. You can accomplish both of these objectives with the following test function, which is in the `tests/test_variant_caller.py` file:

```
def test_variant_caller(workflow_data, workflow_runner):
    inputs = {
        "bam": workflow_data["bam"],
        "ref": {
            "fasta": workflow_data["reference_fa"],
            "organism": "human"
        }
    }
    expected = workflow_data.get_dict("vcf")
    workflow_runner(
        "variant_caller.wdl",
        inputs,
        expected
    )
```

This test executes a workflow with the specified inputs, and will compare the outputs to the specified expected outputs. The `workflow_data` and `workflow_runner` parameters are [fixtures](#) that are injected by the pytest framework at runtime. The `workflow_data` fixture provides the test data files based on the following configuration in the `tests/test_data.json` file. Note that some of the data files are stored remotely (in this case, in the [GitHub repository for FreeBayes](#)) and are downloaded automatically when needed. Later in the manual you'll find [descriptions of these fixtures](#) and details on how to [configure](#) your tests' inputs, expected outputs, and other parameters.

```
{
  "bam": {
```

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```

    "url": "https://.../NA12878.chr22.tiny.bam"
  },
  "reference_fa": {
    "url": "https://.../q.fa"
  },
  "vcf": {
    "name": "NA12878.chr22.tiny.vcf",
    "type": "vcf"
  }
}

```

To run this test, make sure you have `pytest-wdl` *installed* and run the following command from within the project folder. The default executor (`miniwdl`) will be used to execute the workflow. You can configure any of the other supported executors by creating a *configuration file*.

```
$ pytest -s -vv --show-capture=all
```

This test should run successfully, and you should see output that looks like this:

```

===== test session starts =====
platform darwin -- Python 3.6.9, pytest-5.3.5, py-1.8.1, pluggy-0.13.1 -- /Users/jdidion/.pyenv/versions/3.6.9/envs/pytest-wdl-quickstart/bin/python3.6
cachedir: .pytest_cache
rootdir: /Users/jdidion/Downloads/quickstart
plugins: subtests-0.3.0, wdl-1.2.2.dev60+gd43e2db.d20200214
collected 1 item

tests/test_variant_caller.py::test_variant_caller PASSED

===== 1 passed in 8.54s =====

```

1.4 Project setup

`pytest-wdl` should support most project set-ups, including:

```

# simple
myproject
|_workflow.wdl
|_subworkflow1.wdl
|_subworkflow2.wdl
|_tests
|  |_test_workflow.py
|  |_test_data.json

# multi-module with single test directory
myproject
|_main_workflow.wdl
|_module1
|  |_module1.wdl
|_module2
|  |_module2.wdl
|_tests
|  |_main
|    |_test_main.py
|    |_test_data.json
|  |_module1
|    |_test_module1.py
|    |_test_data.json
...

```

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```
# multi-module with separate test directories
myproject
|_main.wdl
|_module1
| |_module1.wdl
| |_tests
|   |_test_module1.py
|   |_test_data.json
|_module2
| |_...
|_tests
|   |_test_main.py
|   |_test_data.json
```

By default, pytest-wdl tries to find the files it is expecting relative to one of two directories:

- **Project root:** the base directory of the project. In the above examples, `myproject` is the project root directory. By default, the project root is discovered by looking for key files (e.g. `setup.py`), starting from the directory in which pytest is executing the current test. In most cases, the project root will be the same for all tests executed within a project.
- **Test context directory:** starting from the directory in which pytest is executing the current test, the test context directory is the first directory up in the directory hierarchy that contains a “tests” subdirectory. The test context directory may differ between test modules, depending on the setup of your project:
 - In the “simple” and “multi-module with single test directory” examples, `myproject` would be the test context directory
 - In the “multi-module with separate test directories” example, the test context directory would be `myproject` when executing `myproject/tests/test_main.py` and `module1` when executing `myproject/module1/tests/test_module1.py`.

1.5 Fixtures

All functionality of pytest-wdl is provided via fixtures. As long as pytest-wdl is in your `PYTHONPATH`, its fixtures will be discovered and made available when you run pytest.

The two most important fixtures are:

- `workflow_data`:+ Provides access to data files for use as inputs to a workflow, and for comparing to workflow output.
- `workflow_runner`: Given a WDL workflow, inputs, and expected outputs, runs the workflow using one or more executors and compares actual and expected outputs.

There are also *several additional fixtures* used for configuration of the two main fixtures. In most cases, the default values returned by these fixtures “just work.” However, if you need to override the defaults, you may do so either directly within your test modules, or in a `conftest.py` file.

1.6 Test data

Typically, workflows require inputs and generate outputs. Beyond simply ensuring that a workflow runs successfully, we often want to additionally test that it reproducibly generates the same results given the same inputs.

Test inputs and outputs are configured in a `test_data.json` file (or `test_data.yaml` file if you have the *YAML* dependency installed) that is stored in the same directory as the test module. This file has one entry for each input/output. Primitive types map as expected from JSON to Python to WDL. Object types (e.g. structs) have a special syntax. For example, the following `test_data.json` file defines an integer input that is loaded as a Python `int` and then maps to the WDL `Integer` type when passed as an input parameter to a workflow, and an object type that is loaded as a Python dict and then maps to a user-defined type (struct) in WDL:

```
{
  "input_int": 42,
  "input_obj": {
    "class": "Person",
    "value": {
      "name": "Joe",
      "age": 42
    }
  }
}
```

1.6.1 Files

For file inputs and outputs, `pytest-wdl` offers several different options. Test data files may be located remotely (identified by a URL), located within the test directory (using the folder hierarchy established by the `datadir-ng` plugin), located at an arbitrary local path, or defined by specifying the file contents directly within the JSON file. Files that do not already exist locally are localized on-demand and stored in the *cache directory*.

Some additional options are available only for expected outputs, in order to specify how they should be compared to the actual outputs.

File data can be defined the same as object data (i.e. “file” is a special class of object type):

```
{
  "config": {
    "class": "file",
    "value": {
      "path": "config.json"
    }
  }
}
```

As a short-cut, the “class” attribute can be omitted and the map describing the file provided directly as the value. Below is an example `test_data.json` file that demonstrates different ways to define input and output data files:

```
{
  "bam": {
    "url": "http://example.com/my.bam",
    "http_headers": {
      "auth_token": "TOKEN"
    },
    "digests": {
      "md5": "8db3048a86e16a08d2d8341d1c72fecb"
    }
  }
}
```

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```

    }
  },
  "reference": {
    "path": "${REFERENCE_DIR}/chr22.fa"
  },
  "sample": {
    "path": "samples.vcf",
    "contents": "sample1\nsample2"
  },
  "output_vcf": {
    "name": "output.vcf",
    "type": {
      "name": "vcf",
      "allowed_diff_lines": 2
    }
  }
}

```

The available keys for configuring file inputs/outputs are:

- **name**: Filename to use when localizing the file; when none of `url`, `path`, or `contents` are defined, `name` is also used to search for the data file within the tests directory, using the same directory structure defined by the [datadir-ng](#) fixture.
- **path**: The local path to the file. If the path does not already exist, the file will be localized to this path. Typically, this is defined as a relative path that will be prefixed with the [cache directory](#) path. Environment variables can be used to enable the user to configure an environment-specific path.
- **env**: The name of an environment variable in which to look up the local path of the file.
- **url**: A URL that can be resolved by [urllib](#).
 - **http_headers**: Optional dict mapping header names to values. These headers are used for file download requests. Keys are header names and values are either strings (environment variable name) or mappings with the following keys:
 - * **env**: The name of an environment variable in which to look up the header value.
 - * **value**: The header value; only used if an environment variable is not specified or is unset.
- **contents**: The contents of the file, specified as a string. The file is written to `path` the first time it is requested.
- **digests**: Optional mapping of hash algorithm name to digest. These are digests that have been computed on the remote file and are used to validate the downloaded file. Currently only used for files resolved from URLs.

In addition, the following keys are recognized for output files only:

- **type**: The file type. This is optional and only needs to be provided for certain types of files that are handled specially for the sake of comparison. The value can also be a hash with required key “name” and any other comparison-related attributes (including data type-specific attributes).
- **allowed_diff_lines**: Optional and only used for outputs comparison. If ‘0’ or not specified, it is assumed that the expected and actual outputs are identical.

URL Schemes

pytest_wdl uses `urllib`, which by default supports `http`, `https`, and `ftp`. If you need to support alternate URL schemes, you can do so via a *plugin*. Currently, the following plugins are available:

- `dx` (DNAexus): requires the `dxpy` module

Data Types

When comparing actual and expected outputs, the “type” of the expected output is used to determine how the files are compared. If no type is specified, then the type is assumed to be “default.”

default

The default type if one is not specified.

- It can handle raw text files, as well as gzip compressed files.
- If `allowed_diff_lines` is 0 or not specified, then the files are compared by their MD5 hashes.
- If `allowed_diff_lines` is > 0 , the files are converted to text and compared using the linux `diff` tool.

vcf

- During comparison, headers are ignored, as are the QUAL, INFO, and FORMAT columns; for sample columns, only the first sample column is compared between files, and only the genotype values for that sample.
- Optional attributes:
 - `compare_phase`: Whether to compare genotype phase; defaults to False.

bam*:

- BAM is converted to SAM.
- Replaces random UNSET-`\w*\b` type IDs that samtools often adds.
- One comparison is performed using all rows and a subset of columns that are expected to be invariate. Rows are sorted by name and then by flag.
- A second comparison is performed using all columns and a subset of rows based on filtering criteria. Rows are sorted by coordinate and then by name.
- Optional attributes:
 - `min_mapq`: The minimum MAPQ when filtering rows for the second comparison.
 - `compare_tag_columns`: Whether to include tag columns (12+) when comparing all columns in the second comparison.

* requires extra dependencies to be installed, see *Install Optional Dependencies*

1.7 Executors

An Executor is a wrapper around a WDL workflow execution engine that prepares inputs, runs the tool, captures outputs, and handles errors. Currently, the following executors are supported (but alternative executors can be implemented as *plugins*):

- **Cromwell**
 - Local: run Cromwell locally (`executor="cromwell"`)
 - Server: run Cromwell via a remote Cromwell server instance (`executor="cromwell-server"`)
- **Miniwdl**: run miniwdl locally in the same process as pytest-wdl (`executor="miniwdl"`)
- **dxWDL**: compile tasks/workflows using dxWDL and run them remotely on DNAnexus (`executor="dxwdl"`)

The `workflow_runner` fixture is a callable that runs the workflow using the executor.

The first argument to `workflow_runner` is the path to the WDL file. It is required. It may be an absolute or a relative path; if the latter, it is first searched relative to the current `tests` directory (i.e. `test_context_dir/tests`), and then the project root.

The remaining arguments to `workflow_runner` are optional:

- `inputs`: Dict that will be serialized to JSON and provided to the executor as the workflow inputs. If not specified, the workflow must not have any required inputs.
- `expected`: Dict mapping output parameter names to expected values. Any workflow outputs that are not specified are ignored. This parameter can be omitted if, for example, you only want to test that the workflow completes successfully.
- `workflow_name`: The name of the workflow to execute in the WDL script. If not specified, the name of the workflow is extracted from the WDL file.
- `inputs_file`: Specify the `inputs.json` file to use, or the path to the `inputs.json` file to write, instead of a temp file.
- `imports_file`: Specify the imports file to use. By default, all WDL files under the test context directory are imported if an `import_paths.txt` file is not provided.
- `executors`: Optional list of executors to use to run the workflow. Each executor will be run in a *subtest*. If not specified the *default_executors* are used.
- `callback`: An optional function that is called after each successful workflow execution. Take three arguments:

```
from pathlib import Path

def callback(executor_name: str, execution_dir: Path, outputs: dict):
    ...
```

You can also pass executor-specific keyword arguments.

1.7.1 Executor-specific `workflow_runner` arguments

Cromwell Local

- `imports_file`: Instead of specifying the imports file, this can also be the path to the imports zip file to write, instead of a temp file.
- `java_args`: Override the default Java arguments.
- `cromwell_args`: Override the default Cromwell arguments.

Cromwell Server

- `imports_file`: Instead of specifying the imports file, this can also be the path to the imports zip file to write, instead of a temp file.
- `timeout`: Number of seconds to allow a workflow to run before timing out with an error; defaults to 3600 (1hr).

Miniwdl

- `task_name`: Name of the task to run, e.g. for a WDL file that does not have a workflow. This takes precedence over `workflow_name`.

dxWDL

Requires the `dxpy` package to be installed.

- `project_id`: ID of the project where the workflow will be built. Defaults to the currently selected project. You can also specify different projects for workflows and data using `workflow_project_id` and `data_project_id` variables.
- `folder`: The folder within the project where the workflow will be built. Defaults to `'/'`. You can also specify different folders for workflows and data using `workflow_folder_id` and `data_folder_id` variables.
- `stage_id`: Stage ID to use when inputs don't come prefixed with the stage. Defaults to "stage-common".
- `force`: Boolean; whether to force the workflow to be built even if the WDL file has not changed since the last build.
- `archive`: Boolean; whether to archive existing applets/workflows (True) or overwrite them (False) when building the workflow. Defaults to True.
- `extras`: [Extras file](#) to use when building the workflow.

1.7.2 Known limitations

Cromwell

- Cromwell issues are tracked in the [Broad's Jira](#).

miniwdl

- pytest-wdl is currently pinned to [miniwdl version 0.6.4](#), which has the following known limitations:
 - Task input files are mounted read-only by default; commands to rename or remove them can succeed only with `--copy-input-files`
- See the [miniwdl open issues](#) for other potential limitations

dxWDL

- DNAnexus (and thus the dxWDL executor) does not support optional collection types (e.g. `Array[String]?`, `Map[String, File]?`).
- See the [dxWDL open issues](#) for other potential limitations

1.8 Writing tests in JSON

Rather than writing test cases in Python, in most instances it is possible to define your tests completely in JSON (or in YAML, if you have the *YAML* dependency installed). Python- and JSON-based tests can co-exist.

JSON tests are defined in a file that starts with `test` and ends with `.json`. There is one required top-level key, `"test"`, whose value is an array of hashes. Each hash defines a single test.

```
{
  "tests": [
    {
      "name": "mytest",
      "wdl": "mytest.wdl",
      "inputs": {
        "input_files": [
          "test_file1",
          "test_file2"
        ],
        "organism": "human"
      },
      "expected": {
        "output_file": "expected_file"
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

A test has two required keys:

- `name`: The test name; must be unique within the file.
- `wdl`: A path to a WDL file (equivalent to the first parameter to `workflow_runner` described above).

Any of the other parameters to `workflow_runner` can be specified as keys as well. To refer to `workflow_data` entries, simply use the entry key as a value. For example, `"test_file1"`, `"test_file2"`, and `"expected_file"` in the example above are defined in the `test_data.json` file. If a string value is not found in the `workflow_data`, it is treated as a string literal. For example, the value of the `"organism"` key (`"human"`) is treated as a string literal because there is no `"human"` key defined in `test_data.json`.

Instead of using a separate `test_data.json` file, you may instead put your test data definitions directly in the test JSON file as the value of the “data” key. Note that it is either/or - if you put your test data definitions in your tests JSON file, then any definitions in `test_data.json` will not be ignored.

```
{
  "data": {
    "test_file": {
      "url": "https://foo.com/input.txt"
    },
    "expected_file": {
      "url": "https://foo.com/output.txt"
    }
  },
  "tests": [
    {
      "name": "mytest",
      "wdl": "mytest.wdl",
      "inputs": {
        "input_file": "test_file",
        "organism": "human"
      },
      "expected": {
        "output_file": "expected_file"
      }
    }
  ]
}
```

1.9 Configuration

pytest-wdl has two levels of configuration:

- Project-specific configuration, which generally deals with the structure of the project, and may require customization if the structure of your project differs substantially from what is expected, but also encompasses executor-specific configuration.
- Environment-specific configuration, which generally deals with idiosyncrasies of the local environment.

1.9.1 Project-specific configuration

Configuration at the project level is handled by overriding fixtures, either in the test module or in a top-level `conftest.py` file. The following fixtures may be overridden:

1.9.2 Environment-specific configuration

There are several aspects of pytest-wdl that can be configured to the local environment, for example to enable the same tests to run both on a user’s development machine and in a continuous integration environment.

Environment-specific configuration is specified either or both of two places: a JSON configuration file and environment variables. Environment variables always take precedence over values in the configuration file. Keep in mind that (on a *nix system) environment variables can be set (semi-)permanently (using `export`) or temporarily (using `env`):

```
# Set environment variable durably
$ export FOO=bar

# Set environment variable only in the context of a single command
$ env FOO=bar echo "foo is $FOO"
```

Configuration file

The pytest-wdl configuration file is a JSON-format file. Its default location is `$HOME/.pytest_wdl_config.json` (or `$HOME/.pytest_wdl_config.yaml` if you have the *YAML* dependency installed). To get started, you can copy one of the following example config files and modify as necessary:

- **simple**: Uses only the miniwdl executor
- **more complex**: Uses both miniwdl and Cromwell; shows how to configure proxies and headers for accessing remote data files in a private repository

The available configuration options are listed in the following table:

Proxies

In the proxies section of the configuration file, you can define the proxy servers for schemes used in data file URLs. The keys are scheme names and the values are either strings - environment variable names - or mappings with the following keys:

- **env**: The name of an environment variable in which to look for the proxy server address.
- **value**: The value to use for the proxy server address, if the environment variable is not defined or is unset.

```
{
  "proxies": {
    "http": {
      "env": "HTTP_PROXY"
    },
    "https": {
      "value": "https://foo.com/proxy",
      "env": "HTTPS_PROXY"
    }
  }
}
```

HTTP(S) Headers

In the `http_headers` section of the configuration file, you can define a list of headers to use when downloading data files. In addition to `env` and `value` keys (which are interpreted the same as for *proxies*, two additional keys are allowed:

- **name**: Required; the header name
- **pattern**: A regular expression used to match the URL; if not specified, the header is used with all URLs.

```
{
  "http_headers": [
    {
```

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```
"name": "X-JFrog-Art-API",  
"pattern": "http://my.company.com/artifactory/*",  
"env": "TOKEN"  
}  
]  
}
```

Executor-specific configuration

Java-based Executors

These options apply to all Java-based executors (currently Cromwell and dxWDL):

Cromwell Local

Note that if you are doing your development locally and using Docker images you’ve built yourself, it is recommended to add `-Ddocker.hash-lookup.enabled=false` to `java_args` to disable Docker lookup by hash. Otherwise, you must push your Docker image(s) to a remote repository (e.g. DockerHub) before running your tests.

Cromwell Server

- `cromwell_api_url`: The full path to the cromwell API (i.e. `http://localhost:8000/api/workflows/v1`).
- `cromwell_api_username`: The username to authenticate against the cromwell api if protected
- `cromwell_api_password`: The password to authenticate against the cromwell api if protected
- `cromwell_configuration`: Configuration (file or dict) to pass to cromwell when submitting run requests.

dxWDL

The dxWDL executor (as well as URLs using the `dx://` scheme) require you to be logged into DNAnexus. You can configure either a username and password or an auth token in the config file to log in automatically (see [provider configuration](#)), otherwise you will be asked to log in interactively.

Provider-specific configuration

A “provider” is a remote (generally cloud-based) service that provides both an execution engine and data storage.

DNAexus

Fixtures

There are two fixtures that control the loading of the user configuration:

1.10 Plugins

pytest-wdl provides the ability to implement plugins for data types, executors, and url schemes. When two plugins with the same name are present, the third-party plugin takes precedence over the built-in plugin (however, if there are two conflicting third-party plugins, an exception is raised).

1.10.1 Creating new data types

To create a new data type plugin, add a module in the `data_types` package of pytest-wdl, or create it in your own 3rd party package.

Your plugin must subclass the `pytest_wdl.data_types.DataFile` class and override its methods for `_assert_contents_equal()` and/or `_diff()` to define the behavior for this file type.

Next, add an entry point in `setup.py`. If the data type requires more dependencies to be installed, make sure to use a `try/except ImportError` and raise a `PluginError` with an informative message, and to add the extra dependencies under the `setup.py`'s `extras_require`. For example:

```
# plugin.py
from pytest_wdl.plugins import PluginError

try:
    import mylib
except ImportError as err:
    raise PluginError(
        "mytype is not available because the mylib library is not "
        "installed"
    ) from err
```

```
from setuptools import setup

setup(
    ...,
    entry_points={
        "pytest_wdl.data_types": [
            "mydata = pytest_wdl.data_types.mytype:MyDataFile"
        ]
    },
    extras_require={
        "mydata": ["mylib"]
    }
)
```

In this example, the extra dependencies can be installed with `pip install pytest-wdl[mydata]`.

1.10.2 Creating new executors

To create a new executor, add a module in the executors package, or in your own 3rd party package.

Your plugin must subclass `pytest_wdl.executors.Executor` and implement an initializer and the `run_workflow()` method. The initializer must take `import_dirs: Optional[Sequence[Path]]` as its first argument, and may take additional executor-specific keyword arguments.

```
from pathlib import Path
from pytest_wdl.executors import Executor
from typing import Optional, Sequence

class MyExecutor(Executor):
    def __init__(
        self,
        import_dirs: Optional[Sequence[Path]],
        myarg: str = "hello"
    ):
        ...

    def run_workflow(
        self,
        wdl_path: Path,
        inputs: Optional[dict] = None,
        expected: Optional[dict] = None,
        **kwargs
    ) -> dict:
        ...
```

Next, add an entry point in `setup.py`. If the executor requires more dependencies to be installed, make sure to use a `try/except ImportError` to warn about this and add the extra dependencies under the `setup.py`'s `extras_require` (see example under *Creating new data types*). For example:

```
from setuptools import setup

setup(
    ...,
    entry_points={
        "pytest_wdl.executors": [
            "myexec = pytest_wdl.executors.myexec:MyExecutor"
        ]
    },
    extras_require={
        "myexec": ["mylib"]
    }
)
```

1.10.3 Supporting alternative URL schemes

If you want to use test data files that are available via a service that does not support http/https/ftp downloads, you can implement a custom URL scheme.

Your plugin must subclass `pytest_wdl.url_schemes.UrlScheme` and implement the `scheme`, `handles`, and any of the `urlopen`, `request`, and `response` methods that are required.

Next, add an entry point in `setup.py`. If the scheme requires more dependencies to be installed, make sure to use a `try/except ImportError` to warn about this and add the extra dependencies under the `setup.py`'s `extras_require` (see example under *Creating new data types*). For example:

```
from setuptools import setup

setup(
    ...,
    entry_points={
        "pytest_wdl.url_schemes": [
            "myexec = pytest_wdl.url_schemes.myscheme:MyUrlScheme"
        ]
    },
    extras_require={
        "myexec": ["mylib"]
    }
)
```


PYTEST_WDL

2.1 pytest_wdl package

2.1.1 Subpackages

`pytest_wdl.data_types` package

Submodules

`pytest_wdl.data_types.bam` module

Convert BAM to SAM for diff.

```
class pytest_wdl.data_types.bam.BamDataFile(local_path: pathlib.Path, localizer: Optional[pytest_wdl.localizers.Localizer] = None, **compare_opts)
```

Bases: `pytest_wdl.data_types.DataFile`

Supports comparing output of BAM file. This uses pysam to convert BAM to SAM, so that DataFile can carry out a regular diff on the SAM files.

```
class pytest_wdl.data_types.bam.Sorting
```

Bases: `enum.Enum`

An enumeration.

COORDINATE = 1

NAME = 2

NONE = 0

```
pytest_wdl.data_types.bam.assert_bam_files_equal(file1: pathlib.Path, file2: pathlib.Path, allowed_diff_lines: int = 0, min_mapq: int = 0, compare_tag_columns: bool = False)
```

Compare two BAM files: * Convert them to SAM format * Optionally re-sort the files by chromosome, position, and flag * First compare all lines using only a subset of columns that should be deterministic * Next, filter the files by MAPQ and compare the remaining rows using all columns

Parameters

- **file1** – First BAM to compare
- **file2** – Second BAM to compare

- **allowed_diff_lines** – Number of lines by which the BAMs are allowed to differ (after being convert to SAM)
- **min_mapq** – Minimum mapq used to filter reads when comparing all columns
- **compare_tag_columns** – Whether to include tag columns (12+) when comparing all columns

```
pytest_wdl.data_types.bam.bam_to_sam(input_bam: pathlib.Path, output_sam: pathlib.Path,
                                     headers: Optional[Iterable[str]] = ('HD', 'SQ',
                                     'RG'), min_mapq: Optional[int] = None, sorting:
                                     pytest_wdl.data_types.bam.Sorting = <Sorting.NONE:
                                     0>)
```

Use PySAM to convert bam to sam.

```
pytest_wdl.data_types.bam.diff_bam_columns(file1: pathlib.Path, file2: pathlib.Path,
                                           columns: str) → int
```

pytest_wdl.data_types.json module

```
class pytest_wdl.data_types.json.JsonDataFile(local_path: pathlib.Path, localizer: Op-
                                             tional[pytest_wdl.localizers.Localizer] =
                                             None, **compare_opts)
```

Bases: `pytest_wdl.data_types.DataFile`

pytest_wdl.data_types.vcf module

Some tools that generate VCF (callers) will result in very slightly different qual scores and other floating-point-valued fields when run on different hardware. This handler ignores the QUAL and INFO columns and only compares the genotype (GT) field of sample columns. Only works for single-sample VCFs.

```
class pytest_wdl.data_types.vcf.VcfDataFile(local_path: pathlib.Path, localizer: Op-
                                             tional[pytest_wdl.localizers.Localizer] =
                                             None, **compare_opts)
```

Bases: `pytest_wdl.data_types.DataFile`

```
pytest_wdl.data_types.vcf.diff_vcf_columns(file1: pathlib.Path, file2: pathlib.Path, com-
                                           pare_phase: bool = False) → int
```

Module contents

```
class pytest_wdl.data_types.DataFile(local_path: pathlib.Path, localizer: Op-
                                     tional[pytest_wdl.localizers.Localizer] =
                                     None, **compare_opts)
```

Bases: `object`

A data file, which may be local, remote, or represented as a string.

Parameters

- **local_path** – Path where the data file should exist after being localized.
- **localizer** – Localizer object, for persisting the file on the local disk.
- **allowed_diff_lines** – Number of lines by which the file is allowed to differ from another and still be considered equal.
- **compare_opts** – Additional type-specific comparison options.

assert_contents_equal (*other*: Union[str, pathlib.Path, DataFile]) → None

Assert the contents of two files are equal.

If *allowed_diff_lines* == 0, files are compared using MD5 hashes, otherwise their contents are compared using the linux *diff* command.

Parameters *other* – A *DataFile* or string file path.

Raises **AssertionError** if the files are different. –

property path

set_compare_opts (**kwargs)

Update comparison options.

Parameters **kwargs – Comparison options to update.

class pytest_wdl.data_types.DefaultDataFile (*local_path*: pathlib.Path, *localizer*: Optional[pytest_wdl.localizers.Localizer] = None, **compare_opts)

Bases: [pytest_wdl.data_types.DataFile](#)

pytest_wdl.data_types.assert_binary_files_equal (*file1*: pathlib.Path, *file2*: pathlib.Path, *digest*: str = 'md5') → None

pytest_wdl.data_types.assert_text_files_equal (*file1*: pathlib.Path, *file2*: pathlib.Path, *allowed_diff_lines*: int = 0, *diff_fn*: Callable[[pathlib.Path, pathlib.Path], int] = <function diff_default>) → None

pytest_wdl.data_types.compare_gzip (*file1*: pathlib.Path, *file2*: pathlib.Path)

pytest_wdl.data_types.diff_default (*file1*: pathlib.Path, *file2*: pathlib.Path) → int
Default diff command.

Parameters

- **file1** – First file to compare
- **file2** – Second file to compare

Returns Number of different lines.

pytest_wdl.executors package

Submodules

pytest_wdl.executors.cromwell_local module

```
class pytest_wdl.executors.cromwell_local.CromwellLocalExecutor (import_dirs:
    Optional[Sequence[pathlib.Path]]
    = None,
    java_bin:
    Union[str,
    pathlib.Path,
    None] = None,
    java_args:
    Optional[str]
    = None,
    cromwell_jar_file:
    Union[str,
    pathlib.Path,
    None] = None,
    cromwell_configuration:
    Union[str,
    pathlib.Path,
    dict, None]
    = None,
    cromwell_args:
    Optional[str]
    = None,
    cromwell_config_file:
    Union[str,
    pathlib.Path,
    None] =
    None)
```

Bases: `pytest_wdl.executors.JavaExecutor`, `pytest_wdl.executors._cromwell.CromwellHelperMixin`

Manages the running of WDL workflows using Cromwell.

Parameters

- **import_dirs** – Relative or absolute paths to directories containing WDL scripts that should be available as imports.
- **java_bin** – Path to the java executable.
- **java_args** – Default Java arguments to use; can be overridden by passing `java_args=...` to `run_workflow`.
- **cromwell_jar_file** – Path to the Cromwell JAR file.
- **cromwell_args** – Default Cromwell arguments to use; can be overridden by passing `cromwell_args=...` to `run_workflow`.

run_workflow (`wdl_path: pathlib.Path`, `inputs: Optional[dict] = None`, `expected: Optional[dict] = None`, `**kwargs`) → dict

Run a WDL workflow on given inputs, and check that the output matches given expected values.

Parameters

- **wdl_path** – The WDL script to execute.
 - **inputs** – Object that will be serialized to JSON and provided to Cromwell as the workflow inputs.
 - **expected** – Dict mapping output parameter names to expected values.
 - **kwargs** – Additional keyword arguments, mostly for debugging:
 - * **workflow_name**: The name of the workflow in the WDL script. If None, the name of the WDL script is used (without the .wdl extension).
- **inputs_file**: Path to the Cromwell inputs file to use. Inputs are written to this file only if it doesn't exist.
- **imports_file**: Path to the WDL imports file to use. Imports are written to this file only if it doesn't exist.
- **java_args**: Additional arguments to pass to Java runtime.
- **cromwell_args**: Additional arguments to pass to *cromwell run*.

Returns Dict of outputs.

Raises

- **ExecutionFailedError** – if there was an error executing Cromwell
- **AssertionError** – if the actual outputs don't match the expected outputs

pytest_wdl.executors.cromwell_server module

```
class pytest_wdl.executors.cromwell_server.CromwellServerExecutor (import_dirs:
    Optional[Sequence[pathlib.Path]]
    = None,
    cromwell_api_url:
    Optional[str]
    =
    'http://localhost:8000/api/workflows',
    cromwell_api_username:
    Optional[str]
    = None,
    cromwell_api_password:
    Optional[str]
    = None,
    cromwell_configuration:
    Union[str,
    pathlib.Path,
    dict, None]
    = None)

Bases:      pytest_wdl.executors.Executor,      pytest_wdl.executors._cromwell.
CromwellHelperMixin
```

Manages the running of WDL workflows using a remote Cromwell running in Server mode.

Parameters

- **import_dirs** – Relative or absolute paths to directories containing WDL scripts that should be available as imports.
- **cromwell_api_url** – The full URL where this cromwell exists
http://localhost:8000/api/workflows/v1
- **cromwell_api_username** – The username to pass to the cromwell API if protected by basic auth
- **cromwell_api_password** – The password to pass to the cromwell API if protected by basic auth
- **cromwell_configuration** – A config file that will be passed to Cromwell

run_workflow (*wdl_path: pathlib.Path, inputs: Optional[dict] = None, expected: Optional[dict] = None, **kwargs*) → dict

Run a WDL workflow on given inputs, and check that the output matches given expected values.

Parameters

- **wdl_path** – The WDL script to execute.
- **inputs** – Object that will be serialized to JSON and provided to Cromwell as the workflow inputs.
- **expected** – Dict mapping output parameter names to expected values.
- **kwargs** – Additional keyword arguments, mostly for debugging: * **workflow_name**: The name of the workflow in the WDL script. If None, the name of the WDL script is used (without the .wdl extension).
- **inputs_file**: Path to the Cromwell inputs file to use. Inputs are written to this file only if it doesn't exist.
- **imports_file**: Path to the WDL imports file to use. Imports are written to this file only if it doesn't exist.
- **java_args**: Additional arguments to pass to Java runtime.
- **cromwell_args**: Additional arguments to pass to *cromwell run*.

Returns Dict of outputs.

Raises

- **ExecutionFailedError** – if there was an error executing Cromwell
- **AssertionError** – if the actual outputs don't match the expected outputs

pytest_wdl.executors.miniwdl module

```
class pytest_wdl.executors.miniwdl.MiniwdlExecutor (import_dirs: Optional[Sequence[pathlib.Path]] = None)
```

Bases: `pytest_wdl.executors.Executor`

Manages the running of WDL workflows using Cromwell.

```
static log_source (logger: logging.Logger, exn: Exception)
```

```
static read_miniwdl_command_std (path: Optional[str] = None) → Optional[str]
```

```
run_workflow (wdl_path: pathlib.Path, inputs: Optional[dict] = None, expected: Optional[dict] = None, **kwargs) → dict
```

Run a WDL workflow on given inputs, and check that the output matches given expected values.

Parameters

- **wdl_path** – The WDL script to execute.
- **inputs** – Object that will be serialized to JSON and provided to Cromwell as the workflow inputs.
- **expected** – Dict mapping output parameter names to expected values.
- **kwargs** – Additional keyword arguments, mostly for debugging: * workflow_name: Name of the workflow to run. * task_name: Name of the task to run if a workflow isn't defined. * inputs_file: Path to the Cromwell inputs file to use. Inputs are written to this file only if it doesn't exist.

Returns Dict of outputs.

Raises

- **Exception** – if there was an error executing Cromwell
- **AssertionError** – if the actual outputs don't match the expected outputs

Module contents

```
exception pytest_wdl.executors.ExecutionFailedError (executor: str, target: str, status: str, inputs: Optional[dict] = None, executor_stdout: Optional[str] = None, executor_stderr: Optional[str] = None, failed_task: Optional[str] = None, failed_task_exit_status: Optional[int] = None, failed_task_stdout: Optional[str] = None, failed_task_stderr: Optional[str] = None, msg: Optional[str] = None)
```

Bases: `pytest_wdl.executors.ExecutorError`

```
property exit_status_str
```

```
class pytest_wdl.executors.Executor
```

Bases: `object`

Base class for WDL workflow executors.

abstract `run_workflow` (*wdl_path: pathlib.Path, inputs: Optional[dict] = None, expected: Optional[dict] = None, **kwargs*) → dict

Run a WDL workflow on given inputs, and check that the output matches given expected values.

Parameters

- **wdl_path** – The WDL script to execute.
- **inputs** – Object that will be serialized to JSON and provided to Cromwell as the workflow inputs.
- **expected** – Dict mapping output parameter names to expected values.
- **kwargs** – Additional executor-specific keyword arguments (mostly for debugging)

Returns Dict of outputs.

Raises

- **ExecutionFailedError** – if there was an error executing the workflow
- **AssertionError** – if the actual outputs don't match the expected outputs

exception `pytest_wdl.executors.ExecutorError` (*executor: str, msg: Optional[str] = None*)
Bases: `Exception`

class `pytest_wdl.executors.InputsFormatter`
Bases: `object`

format_inputs (*inputs_dict: dict, namespace: Optional[str] = None*) → dict

format_value (*value: Any*) → Any

Convert a primitive, DataFile, Sequence, or Dict to a JSON-serializable object. Currently, arbitrary objects can be serialized by implementing an `as_dict()` method, otherwise they are converted to strings.

Parameters **value** – The value to format.

Returns The serializable value.

classmethod `get_instance` () → `pytest_wdl.executors.InputsFormatter`

class `pytest_wdl.executors.JavaExecutor` (*java_bin: Union[str, pathlib.Path, None] = None, java_args: Optional[str] = None*)

Bases: `pytest_wdl.executors.Executor`

Manages the running of WDL workflows using a Java-based executor.

Parameters

- **java_bin** – Path to the java executable.
- **java_args** – Default Java arguments to use; can be overridden by passing `java_args=...` to `run_workflow`.

static `resolve_jar_file` (*file_name_pattern: str, jar_path: Optional[pathlib.Path] = None, env_var: Optional[str] = None*)

`pytest_wdl.executors.get_target_name` (*wdl_path: Optional[pathlib.Path] = None, wdl_doc: Optional[WDL.Tree.Document] = None, task_name: Optional[str] = None, workflow_name: Optional[str] = None, **kwargs*) → Tuple[str, bool]

Get the execution target. The order of priority is:

- `task_name`
- `workflow_name`

- `wdl_doc.workflow.name`
- `wdl_doc.task[0].name`
- `wdl_file.stem`

Parameters

- **`wdl_path`** – Path to a WDL file
- **`wdl_doc`** – A miniwdl-parsed WDL document
- **`task_name`** – The task name
- **`workflow_name`** – The workflow name
- **`**kwargs`** – Additional keyword arguments to pass to *parse_wdl*

Returns A tuple (target, is_task), where *is_task* is a boolean indicating whether the target is a task (True) or a workflow (False).

Raises

- **`ValueError`** if 1) **neither `task_name` nor `workflow_name` is specified and the –**
- **WDL document contains no workflow and multiple tasks; or 2) all of the –**
- **parameters are None. –**

```
pytest_wdl.executors.parse_wdl(wdl_path: pathlib.Path, import_dirs: Optional[Sequence[pathlib.Path]] = (), check_quant: bool = False, **_) → WDL.Tree.Document
```

```
pytest_wdl.executors.read_write_inputs(inputs_file: Union[str, pathlib.Path, None] = None, inputs_dict: Optional[dict] = None, inputs_formatter: Optional[pytest_wdl.executors.InputsFormatter] = <pytest_wdl.executors.InputsFormatter object>, write_formatted_inputs: bool = True, **kwargs) → Tuple[dict, Optional[pathlib.Path]]
```

If *inputs_file* is specified and it exists, read its contents. Otherwise, if *inputs_dict* is specified, format it using *inputs_formatter* (if specified) and write it to *inputs_file* or a temporary file.

Parameters

- **`inputs_file`** –
- **`inputs_dict`** –
- **`inputs_formatter`** –
- **`write_formatted_inputs`** –
- **`kwargs`** –

Returns The (formatted) inputs dict and the resolved inputs file. If both *inputs_dict* and *inputs_file* are None, returns (`{}`, `None`).

pytest_wdl.providers package

Submodules

pytest_wdl.providers.dx module

```
class pytest_wdl.providers.dx.DxInputsFormatter (wdl_doc: WDL.Tree.Document,
                                                project_id: str = None,
                                                data_project_id: Optional[str] =
None, folder: str = '/', data_folder:
Optional[str] = None, **_)
Bases: object
```

format_inputs (inputs_dict: dict, namespace: Optional[str] = None) → dict

format_value (value: Any, path: Tuple[str, ...], nested: bool = False) → Tuple[Any, bool]

Convert a primitive, DataFile, Sequence, or Dict to a JSON-serializable object. Currently, arbitrary objects can be serialized by implementing an *as_dict()* method, otherwise they are converted to strings.

Parameters

- **value** – The value to format.
- **path** – The path to the current value.
- **nested** – Whether the value is nested within a complex type

Returns The tuple (*val*, *is_complex*), where *val* is serializable value and *is_complex* is True if the value is a complex type.

```
class pytest_wdl.providers.dx.DxResponse (file_id: str, project_id: Optional[str] = None)
Bases: pytest_wdl.url_schemes.Response
```

download_file (destination: pathlib.Path, show_progress: bool = False, digests: Optional[dict] = None)

Download a file to a specific destination.

Parameters

- **destination** – Destination path
- **show_progress** – Whether to show a progress bar
- **digests** – Optional dict mapping hash names to digests. These are used to validate the downloaded file.

Raises *DigestsNotEqualError* –

```
class pytest_wdl.providers.dx.DxUrlHandler
Bases: pytest_wdl.url_schemes.UrlHandler
```

property handles

property scheme

urlopen (request: urllib.request.Request) → pytest_wdl.url_schemes.Response

```
class pytest_wdl.providers.dx.DxWdlExecutor (import_dirs: Optional[Sequence[pathlib.Path]] = None,
                                             java_bin: Union[str, pathlib.Path, None] = None,
                                             java_args: Optional[str] = None,
                                             dxwdl_jar_file: Union[str, pathlib.Path, None] = None,
                                             dxwdl_cache_dir: Union[str, pathlib.Path, None] = None)
```

Bases: `pytest_wdl.executors.JavaExecutor`

```
run_workflow (wdl_path: pathlib.Path, inputs: Optional[dict] = None, expected: Optional[dict] = None, **kwargs) → dict
```

Run a WDL workflow on given inputs, and check that the output matches given expected values.

Parameters

- **wdl_path** – The WDL script to execute.
- **inputs** – Object that will be serialized to JSON and provided to Cromwell as the workflow inputs.
- **expected** – Dict mapping output parameter names to expected values.
- **kwargs** – Additional executor-specific keyword arguments (mostly for debugging)

Returns Dict of outputs.

Raises

- **ExecutionFailedError** – if there was an error executing the workflow
- **AssertionError** – if the actual outputs don't match the expected outputs

```
pytest_wdl.providers.dx.login (logout: bool = False, interactive: bool = True)
```

Checks that the user is logged into DNAnexus, otherwise log them in.

Parameters

- **logout** – Whether to log out before exiting the context. Ignored if the user is already logged in.
- **interactive** – Whether to allow interactive login.

Raises **PluginError** – if *interactive* is *False* and the user cannot be logged in non-interactively

Module contents

2.1.2 Submodules

2.1.3 `pytest_wdl.config` module

```
class pytest_wdl.config.UserConfiguration(config_file: Optional[pathlib.Path] = None,
                                         cache_dir: Optional[pathlib.Path] = None,
                                         remove_cache_dir: Optional[bool] = None,
                                         execution_dir: Optional[pathlib.Path] =
                                         None, proxies: Optional[Dict[str, Union[str,
                                         Dict[str, str]]]] = None, http_headers: Op-
                                         tional[List[dict]] = None, show_progress: Op-
                                         tional[bool] = None, executors: Optional[str]
                                         = None, executor_defaults: Optional[Dict[str,
                                         dict]] = None, provider_defaults: Op-
                                         tional[Dict[str, dict]] = None)
```

Bases: `object`

Stores pytest-wdl configuration. If configuration options are specified both in the config file and as arguments to the constructor, the latter take precedence.

Parameters

- **`config_file`** – JSON (or YAML) file from which to load default values.
- **`cache_dir`** – The directory in which to cache localized files; defaults to using a temporary directory that is specific to each module and deleted afterwards.
- **`remove_cache_dir`** – Whether to remove the cache directory; if `None`, takes the value `True` if a temp directory is used for caching, and `False`, if a value for `cache_dir` is specified.
- **`execution_dir`** – The directory in which to run workflows. Defaults to `None`, which signals that a different temporary directory should be used for each workflow run.
- **`proxies`** – Mapping of proxy type (typically ‘http’ or ‘https’ to either an environment variable, or a dict with either/both keys ‘env’ and ‘value’, where the value is taken from the environment variable (‘env’) first, and from ‘value’ if the environment variable is not specified or is unset.
- **`http_headers`** – A list of dicts, each of which defines a header. The allowed keys are ‘pattern’, ‘name’, ‘env’, and ‘value’, where pattern is a URL pattern to match, ‘name’ is the header name and ‘env’ and ‘value’ are interpreted the same as for *proxies*. If no pattern is provided, the header is used for all URLs.
- **`show_progress`** – Whether to show progress bars when downloading remote test data files.
- **`executors`** – Default set of executors to run.
- **`executor_defaults`** – Mapping of executor name to dict of executor-specific configuration options.

`as_dict()` → dict

`cleanup()` → None

Preforms cleanup operations, such as deleting the cache directory if *self.remove_cache_dir* is `True`.

get_executor_defaults (*executor_name: str*) → dict
Get default configuration values for the given executor.

Parameters **executor_name** – The executor name

Returns A dict with the executor configuration values, if any.

get_provider_defaults (*provider_name: str*) → dict
Get default configuration values for the given provider.

Parameters **provider_name** – The provider name

Returns A dict with the provider configuration values, if any.

save (*path: pathlib.Path*) → None

`pytest_wdl.config.cleanup()`

`pytest_wdl.config.default_user_config_file()` → `pathlib.Path`

`pytest_wdl.config.get_instance()` → `pytest_wdl.config.UserConfiguration`

`pytest_wdl.config.set_instance` (*config: Optional[pytest_wdl.config.UserConfiguration] = None, path: Optional[pathlib.Path] = None*)

2.1.4 pytest_wdl.core module

`pytest_wdl.core.DATA_TYPES = {'bam': <pytest_wdl.plugins.PluginFactory object>, 'json': <pytest_wdl.plugins.PluginFactory object>}`
Data type plugin modules from the discovered entry points.

class `pytest_wdl.core.DataDirs` (*basedir: pathlib.Path, module: Union[str, Any, None] = None, function: Union[str, Callable, None] = None, cls: Union[str, Type, None] = None*)

Bases: `object`

Provides data files from test data directory structure as defined by the datadir and datadir-ng plugins. Paths are resolved lazily upon first request.

property paths

class `pytest_wdl.core.DataManager` (*data_resolver: pytest_wdl.core.DataResolver, datadirs: pytest_wdl.core.DataDirs*)

Bases: `object`

Manages test data, which is defined in a test_data.json file.

Parameters

- **data_resolver** – Module-level config.
- **datadirs** – Data directories to search for the data file.

get_dict (**names: str, **params*) → dict
Creates a dict with one or more entries from this DataManager.

Parameters

- ***names** – Names of test data entries to add to the dict.
- ****params** – Mapping of workflow parameter names to test data entry names.

Returns Dict mapping parameter names to test data entries for all specified names.

get_list (**names: str*) → list

```
class pytest_wdl.core.DataResolver (data_descriptors: dict, user_config:
                                   pytest_wdl.config.UserConfiguration)
```

Bases: object

Resolves data files that may need to be localized.

```
resolve (name: str, datadirs: Optional[pytest_wdl.core.DataDirs] = None)
```

```
pytest_wdl.core.EXECUTORS = {'cromwell': <pytest_wdl.plugins.PluginFactory object>, 'cromwell': <pytest_wdl.plugins.PluginFactory object>}
```

Executor plugin modules from the discovered entry points.

```
pytest_wdl.core.create_data_file (user_config: pytest_wdl.config.UserConfiguration, type:
                                   Union[str, dict, None] = 'default', name: Optional[str] =
                                   None, path: Union[str, pathlib.Path, None] = None, url: Op-
                                   tional[str] = None, contents: Union[str, dict, None] = None,
                                   env: Optional[str] = None, http_headers: Optional[dict]
                                   = None, digests: Optional[dict] = None, datadirs: Op-
                                   tional[pytest_wdl.core.DataDirs] = None, **kwargs) →
                                   pytest_wdl.data_types.DataFile
```

```
pytest_wdl.core.create_executor (executor_name: str, import_dirs: Sequence[pathlib.Path],
                                   user_config: pytest_wdl.config.UserConfiguration)
```

2.1.5 pytest_wdl.fixtures module

Fixtures for writing tests that execute WDL workflows using Cromwell.

Note: This library is being transitioned to python3 only, and to use `pathlib.Path`'s instead of string paths. For backward compatibility fixtures that produce a path may still return string paths, but this support will be dropped in a future version.

```
class pytest_wdl.fixtures.WorkflowRunner (wdl_search_paths: Sequence[pathlib.Path], im-
                                           port_dirs: Sequence[pathlib.Path], user_config:
                                           pytest_wdl.config.UserConfiguration, subtests:
                                           pytest_subtests.SubTests, default_executors:
                                           Optional[Sequence[str]] = None)
```

Bases: object

Callable object that runs tests.

```
pytest_wdl.fixtures.default_executors (user_config: pytest_wdl.config.UserConfiguration)
→ Sequence[str]
```

```
pytest_wdl.fixtures.import_dirs (request: _pytest.fixtures.FixtureRequest, project_root:
                                   Union[str, pathlib.Path], import_paths: Union[str, path-
                                   lib.Path, None]) → List[Union[str, pathlib.Path]]
```

Fixture that provides a list of directories containing WDL scripts to make available as imports. Uses the file provided by `import_paths` fixture if it is not None, otherwise returns a list containing the parent directory of the test module.

Parameters

- **request** – A FixtureRequest object
- **project_root** – Project root directory
- **import_paths** – File listing paths to imports, one per line

```
pytest_wdl.fixtures.import_paths (request: _pytest.fixtures.FixtureRequest) → Union[str, path-
                                   lib.Path, None]
```

Fixture that provides the path to a file that lists directories containing WDL scripts to make available as imports. This looks for the file at “tests/import_paths.txt” by default, and returns None if that file doesn’t exist.

`pytest_wdl.fixtures.project_root` (*request*: `_pytest.fixtures.FixtureRequest`, *project_root_files*: `List[str]`) → `Union[str, pathlib.Path]`

Fixture that provides the root directory of the project. By default, this assumes that the project has one subdirectory per task, and that this framework is being run from the test subdirectory of a task directory, and therefore looks for the project root two directories up.

`pytest_wdl.fixtures.project_root_files` () → `List[str]`

Fixture that provides a list of filenames that are found in the project root directory. Used by the *project_root* fixture to locate the project root directory.

`pytest_wdl.fixtures.user_config` (*user_config_file*: `Optional[pathlib.Path]`) → `pytest_wdl.config.UserConfiguration`

`pytest_wdl.fixtures.user_config_file` () → `Optional[pathlib.Path]`

Fixture that provides the value of ‘user_config’ environment variable. If not specified, looks in the default location (\$HOME/pytest_user_config.json).

Returns Path to the config file, or None if not specified.

`pytest_wdl.fixtures.workflow_data` (*request*: `_pytest.fixtures.FixtureRequest`, *workflow_data_resolver*: `pytest_wdl.core.DataResolver`) → `pytest_wdl.core.DataManager`

Provides an accessor for test data files, which may be local or in a remote repository.

Parameters

- **request** – FixtureRequest object
- **workflow_data_resolver** – Module-level test data configuration

Examples

```
def workflow_data_descriptor_file(): return "tests/test_data.json"
```

```
def test_workflow(workflow_data): print(workflow_data["myfile"])
```

`pytest_wdl.fixtures.workflow_data_descriptor_file` (*request*: `_pytest.fixtures.FixtureRequest`) → `Union[str, pathlib.Path]`

Fixture that provides the path to the JSON file that describes test data files.

Parameters **request** – A FixtureRequest object

`pytest_wdl.fixtures.workflow_data_descriptors` (*request*: `_pytest.fixtures.FixtureRequest`, *project_root*: `Union[str, pathlib.Path]`, *workflow_data_descriptor_file*: `Union[str, pathlib.Path]`) → `dict`

Fixture that provides a mapping of test data names to values. If *workflow_data_descriptor_file* is relative, it is searched first relative to the current test context directory and then relative to the project root.

Parameters **workflow_data_descriptor_file** – Path to the data descriptor JSON file.

Returns A dict with keys as test data names and each value either a primitive, a map describing a data file, or a DataFile object.

`pytest_wdl.fixtures.workflow_data_resolver` (*workflow_data_descriptors*: `dict`, *user_config*: `pytest_wdl.config.UserConfiguration`) → `pytest_wdl.core.DataResolver`

Provides access to test data files for tests in a module.

Parameters

- **workflow_data_descriptors** – workflow_data_descriptors fixture.
- **user_config** –

```
pytest_wdl.fixtures.workflow_runner(request: _pytest.fixtures.FixtureRequest,
                                     project_root: Union[str, pathlib.Path],
                                     import_dirs: List[Union[str, pathlib.Path]],
                                     user_config: pytest_wdl.config.UserConfiguration,
                                     default_executors: Sequence[str],
                                     subtests: pytest_subtests.SubTests)
```

Provides a callable that runs a workflow. The callable has the same signature as *Executor.run_workflow*, but takes an additional keyword argument *executors*, a sequence of strings, which allows overriding the names of the executors to use.

If multiple executors are specified, the tests are run using the *subtests* fixture of the *pytest-subtests* plugin.

Parameters

- **request** – A FixtureRequest object.
- **project_root** – Project root directory.
- **import_dirs** – Directories from which to import WDL scripts.
- **user_config** – A UserConfiguration object.
- **default_executors** – Names of executors to use when executor name isn't passed to the *workflow_runner* callable.
- **subtests** – A SubTests object.

Returns A generator over the results of calling the workflow with each executor. Each value is a tuple (*executor_name*, *execution_dir*, *outputs*), where *execution_dir* is the root directory where the task/workflow was run (the structure of the directory is executor-dependent) and *outputs* is a dict of the task/workflow outputs.

2.1.6 pytest_wdl.loader module

```
class pytest_wdl.loader.JsonWdlTestsModule(fspath: py._path.local.LocalPath,
                                             parent=None, config=None, session=None,
                                             nodeid=None)
```

Bases: *pytest_wdl.loader.WdlTestsModule*

```
class pytest_wdl.loader.TestItem(parent, data: Optional[dict] = None, name: Optional[str]
                                  = None, wdl: Optional[str] = None, inputs: Optional[dict]
                                  = None, expected: Optional[dict] = None, tags: Op-
                                  tional[Sequence] = None, **kwargs)
```

Bases: *_pytest.nodes.Item*

runtest()

setup()

This method is black magic - uses internal pytest APIs to create a FixtureRequest that can be used to access fixtures in *runtest()*. Copied from https://github.com/pytest-dev/pytest/blob/master/src/_pytest/doctest.py.

```
class pytest_wdl.loader.WdlTestsModule(fspath: py._path.local.LocalPath, parent=None,
                                         config=None, session=None, nodeid=None)
```

Bases: *_pytest.python.Module*

collect()

returns a list of children (items and collectors) for this collection node.


```
class pytest_wdl.loader.YamlWdlTestsModule (fspath:      py._path.local.LocalPath, parent=None, config=None, session=None, nodeid=None)
    Bases: pytest_wdl.loader.WdlTestsModule

pytest_wdl.loader.pytest_collect_file (path:      py._path.local.LocalPath, parent) → Optional[_pytest.nodes.File]

pytest_wdl.loader.pytest_collection (session: _pytest.main.Session)
    Prints an empty line to make the report look slightly better.
```

2.1.7 pytest_wdl.localizers module

```
class pytest_wdl.localizers.JsonLocalizer (contents: dict)
    Bases: pytest_wdl.localizers.Localizer

    localize (destination: pathlib.Path)
        Localize a resource to destination.

        Parameters destination – Path to file where the non-local resource is to be localized.

class pytest_wdl.localizers.LinkLocalizer (source: pathlib.Path)
    Bases: pytest_wdl.localizers.Localizer

    Localizes a file to another destination using a symlink.

    localize (destination: pathlib.Path)
        Localize a resource to destination.

        Parameters destination – Path to file where the non-local resource is to be localized.

class pytest_wdl.localizers.Localizer
    Bases: object

    Abstract base of classes that implement file localization.

    abstract localize (destination: pathlib.Path) → None
        Localize a resource to destination.

        Parameters destination – Path to file where the non-local resource is to be localized.

    verify (path: pathlib.Path) → bool
        Verify that path exists and is valid.

        Parameters path – Path to verify.

        Returns True if the path is verified, else False

class pytest_wdl.localizers.StringLocalizer (contents: str)
    Bases: pytest_wdl.localizers.Localizer

    Localizes a string by writing it to a file.

    localize (destination: pathlib.Path)
        Localize a resource to destination.

        Parameters destination – Path to file where the non-local resource is to be localized.

class pytest_wdl.localizers.UrlLocalizer (url:      str, user_config:
                                           pytest_wdl.config.UserConfiguration,
                                           http_headers: Optional[dict] = None, digests:
                                           Optional[dict] = None)
    Bases: pytest_wdl.localizers.Localizer
```

Localizes a file specified by a URL.

property `http_headers`

localize (*destination: pathlib.Path*)

Localize a resource to *destination*.

Parameters `destination` – Path to file where the non-local resource is to be localized.

property `proxies`

verify (*path: pathlib.Path*) → bool

Verify that *path* exists and is valid.

Parameters `path` – Path to verify.

Returns True if the path is verified, else False

`pytest_wdl.localizers.download_file` (*url: str, destination: pathlib.Path, http_headers: Optional[dict] = None, proxies: Optional[dict] = None, show_progress: bool = True, digests: Optional[dict] = None*)

2.1.8 pytest_wdl.plugins module

exception `pytest_wdl.plugins.PluginError`

Bases: `Exception`

class `pytest_wdl.plugins.PluginFactory` (*entry_point: pkg_resources.EntryPoint, return_type: Type[T]*)

Bases: `typing.Generic`

Lazily loads a plugin class associated with a data type.

`pytest_wdl.plugins.plugin_factory_map` (*return_type: Type[T], group: Optional[str] = None, entry_points: Optional[Iterable[pkg_resources.EntryPoint]] = None*) → Dict[str, `pytest_wdl.plugins.PluginFactory[~T][T]`]

Creates a mapping of entry point name to *PluginFactory* for all discovered entry points in the specified group.

Parameters

- **group** – Entry point group name
- **return_type** – Expected return type
- **entry_points** –

Returns Dict mapping entry point name to *PluginFactory* instances

2.1.9 pytest_wdl.url_schemes module

class `pytest_wdl.url_schemes.BaseResponse`

Bases: `pytest_wdl.url_schemes.Response`

download_file (*destination: pathlib.Path, show_progress: bool = False, digests: Optional[dict] = None*)

Download a file to a specific destination.

Parameters

- **destination** – Destination path

- **show_progress** – Whether to show a progress bar
- **digests** – Optional dict mapping hash names to digests. These are used to validate the downloaded file.

Raises *DigestsNotEqualError* –

abstract `get_content_length()` → Optional[int]

abstract `read(block_size: int)`

class `pytest_wdl.url_schemes.Method(src_attr, dest_pattern)`

Bases: `enum.Enum`

An enumeration.

OPEN = ('urlopen', '{}_open')

REQUEST = ('request', '{}_request')

RESPONSE = ('response', '{}_response')

class `pytest_wdl.url_schemes.Response`

Bases: `object`

abstract `download_file(destination: pathlib.Path, show_progress: bool = False, digests: Optional[dict] = None)`

Download a file to a specific destination.

Parameters

- **destination** – Destination path
- **show_progress** – Whether to show a progress bar
- **digests** – Optional dict mapping hash names to digests. These are used to validate the downloaded file.

Raises *DigestsNotEqualError* –

class `pytest_wdl.url_schemes.ResponseWrapper(rsp)`

Bases: `pytest_wdl.url_schemes.BaseResponse`

get_content_length() → Optional[int]

read(block_size: int) → bytes

class `pytest_wdl.url_schemes.UrlHandler`

Bases: `urllib.request.BaseHandler`

alias()

Add aliases that are required by urllib for handled methods.

property handles

request (`request: urllib.request.Request`) → `urllib.request.Request`

response (`request: urllib.request.Request, response: pytest_wdl.url_schemes.Response`) → `pytest_wdl.url_schemes.Response`

abstract property scheme

urlopen (`request: urllib.request.Request`) → `pytest_wdl.url_schemes.Response`

`pytest_wdl.url_schemes.install_schemes()`

2.1.10 pytest_wdl.utils module

exception `pytest_wdl.utils.DigestsNotEqualError`

Bases: `AssertionError`

exception `pytest_wdl.utils.MaxCallException` (*last=None*)

Bases: `pytest_wdl.utils.PollingException`

Exception raised if maximum number of iterations is exceeded

exception `pytest_wdl.utils.PollingException` (*last=None*)

Bases: `Exception`

Base exception that stores the last result seen.

exception `pytest_wdl.utils.TimeoutException` (*last=None*)

Bases: `pytest_wdl.utils.PollingException`

Exception raised if polling function times out

`pytest_wdl.utils.chdir` (*to_dir: pathlib.Path*)

Context manager that temporarily changes directories.

Parameters `to_dir` – The directory to change to.

`pytest_wdl.utils.compare_files_with_hash` (*file1: pathlib.Path, file2: pathlib.Path, hash_name: str = 'md5'*)

`pytest_wdl.utils.context_dir` (*path: Optional[pathlib.Path] = None, change_dir: bool = False, cleanup: Optional[bool] = None*) → `pathlib.Path`

Context manager that looks for a specific environment variable to specify a directory. If the environment variable is not set, a temporary directory is created and cleaned up upon return from the yield.

Parameters

- **path** – The environment variable to look for.
- **change_dir** – Whether to change to the directory.
- **cleanup** – Whether to delete the directory when exiting the context. If `None`, the directory is only deleted if a temporary directory is created.

Yields A directory path.

`pytest_wdl.utils.ensure_path` (*path: Union[str, py.path.local.LocalPath, pathlib.Path], search_paths: Optional[Sequence[pathlib.Path]] = None, canonicalize: bool = True, exists: Optional[bool] = None, is_file: Optional[bool] = None, executable: Optional[bool] = None, create: bool = False*) → `pathlib.Path`

Converts a string path or `py.path.local.LocalPath` to a `pathlib.Path`.

Parameters

- **path** – The path to convert.
- **search_paths** – Directories to search for *path* if it is not already absolute. If *exists* is `True`, looks for the first search path that contains the file, otherwise just uses the first search path.
- **canonicalize** – Whether to return the canonicalized version of the path - expand home directory shortcut (`~`), make absolute, and resolve symlinks.
- **exists** – If `True`, raise an exception if the path does not exist; if `False`, raise an exception if the path does exist.

- **is_file** – If True, raise an exception if the path is not a file; if False, raise an exception if the path is not a directory.
- **executable** – If True and *is_file* is True and the file exists, raise an exception if it is not executable.
- **create** – Create the directory (or parent, if *is_file* = True) if it does not exist. Ignored if *exists* is True.

Returns A *pathlib.Path* object.

`pytest_wdl.utils.env_map(d: dict) → dict`

Given a mapping of keys to value descriptors, creates a mapping of the keys to the described values.

`pytest_wdl.utils.find_executable_path(executable: str, search_path: Optional[Sequence[pathlib.Path]] = None) → Optional[pathlib.Path]`

Finds 'executable' in *search_path*.

Parameters

- **executable** – The name of the executable to find.
- **search_path** – The list of directories to search. If None, the system search path (defined by the \$PATH environment variable) is used.

Returns Absolute path of the executable, or None if no matching executable was found.

`pytest_wdl.utils.find_in_classpath(glob: str) → Optional[pathlib.Path]`

Attempts to find a .jar file matching the specified glob pattern in the Java classpath.

Parameters **glob** – JAR filename pattern

Returns Path to the JAR file, or None if a matching file is not found.

`pytest_wdl.utils.find_project_path(*filenames: Union[str, pathlib.Path], start: Optional[pathlib.Path] = None, return_parent: bool = False, assert_exists: bool = False) → Optional[pathlib.Path]`

Starting from *path* folder and moving upwards, search for any of *filenames* and return the first path containing any one of them.

Parameters

- ***filenames** – Filenames to search. Either a string filename, or a sequence of string path elements.
- **start** – Starting folder
- **return_parent** – Whether to return the containing folder or the discovered file.
- **assert_exists** – Whether to raise an exception if a file cannot be found.

Returns A *Path*, or *None* if no folder is found that contains any of *filenames*. If *return_parent* is *False* and more than one of the files is found one of the files is randomly selected for return.

Raises **FileNotFoundError** if the file cannot be found and **assert_exists** is **True**. –

`pytest_wdl.utils.hash_file(path: pathlib.Path, hash_name: str = 'md5') → str`

`pytest_wdl.utils.is_executable(path: pathlib.Path) → bool`

Checks if a path is executable.

Parameters **path** – The path to check

Returns True if *path* exists and is executable by the user, otherwise False.

```
pytest_wdl.utils.poll (target: Callable, step: int = 1, args: Optional[Sequence] = None, kwargs:
                        Optional[dict] = None, timeout: Optional[int] = None, max_tries: Op-
                        tional[int] = None, check_success: Callable = <class 'bool'>, step_function:
                        Optional[Callable[[int, int], int]] = None, ignore_exceptions: Sequence = ())
```

Poll by calling a target function until a certain condition is met. You must specify at least a target function to be called and the step – base wait time between each function call.

Vendored from the [polling](<https://github.com/justiniso/polling>) package.

Parameters

- **target** – The target callable
- **step** – Step defines the amount of time to wait (in seconds)
- **args** – Arguments to be passed to the target function
- **kwargs** – Keyword arguments to be passed to the target function
- **timeout** – The target function will be called until the time elapsed is greater than the maximum timeout (in seconds). NOTE that the actual execution time of the function *can* exceed the time specified in the timeout. For instance, if the target function takes 10 seconds to execute and the timeout is 21 seconds, the polling function will take a total of 30 seconds (two iterations of the target –20s which is less than the timeout–21s, and a final iteration)
- **max_tries** – Maximum number of times the target function will be called before failing
- **check_success** – A callback function that accepts the return value of the target function. It must return true if you want the polling function to stop and return this value. It must return false if you want to continue polling. You may also use this function to collect non-success values. The default is a callback that tests for truthiness (anything not False, 0, or empty collection).
- **step_function** – A callback function that accepts two arguments: `current_step`, `num_tries`; and returns the next step value. By default, this is constant, but you can also pass a function that will increase or decrease the step. As an example, you can increase the wait time between calling the target function by 10 seconds every iteration until the step is 100 seconds—at which point it should remain constant at 100 seconds

```
>>> def my_step_function(current_step: int, num_tries: int) ->
->int:
>>>     return max(current_step + 10, 100)
```

- **ignore_exceptions** – You can specify a tuple of exceptions that should be caught and ignored on every iteration. If the target function raises one of these exceptions, it will be caught and the exception instance will be pushed to the queue of values collected during polling. Any other exceptions raised will be raised as normal.

Returns The first value from the target function that meets the condions of the `check_success` callback. By default, this will be the first value that is not None, 0, False, “”, or an empty collection.

```
pytest_wdl.utils.resolve_file (filename: Union[str, pathlib.Path], project_root: pathlib.Path, as-
                               sert_exists: bool = True) -> Optional[pathlib.Path]
```

Finds *filename* under *project_root* or in the project path.

Parameters

- **filename** – The filename, relative path, or absolute path to resolve.

- **project_root** – The project root dir.
- **assert_exists** – Whether to raise an error if the file cannot be found.

Returns A *pathlib.Path* object, or None if the file cannot be found and *assert_exists* is False.

Raises `FileNotFoundError` if the file cannot be found and **assert_exists** is True. –

`pytest_wdl.utils.resolve_value_descriptor` (*value_descriptor: Union[str, dict]*) → Optional
 Resolves the value of a value descriptor, which may be an environment variable name, or a map with keys *env* (the environment variable name) and *value* (the value to use if *env* is not specified or if the environment variable is unset).

Parameters *value_descriptor* –

Returns:

`pytest_wdl.utils.safe_string` (*s: str, replacement: str = '_'*) → str
 Makes a string safe by replacing non-word characters.

Parameters

- **s** – The string to make safe
- **replacement** – The replacement string

Returns The safe string

`pytest_wdl.utils.tempdir` (*change_dir: bool = False, tmproot: Optional[pathlib.Path] = None, cleanup: Optional[bool] = True*) → *pathlib.Path*
 Context manager that creates a temporary directory, yields it, and then deletes it after return from the yield.

Parameters

- **change_dir** – Whether to temporarily change to the temp dir.
- **tmproot** – Root directory in which to create temporary directories.
- **cleanup** – Whether to delete the temporary directory before exiting the context.

`pytest_wdl.utils.verify_digests` (*path: pathlib.Path, digests: dict*)

2.1.11 Module contents

Fixtures for writing tests that execute WDL workflows using Cromwell. For testability purposes, the implementation of these fixtures is done in the `pytest_wdl.fixtures` module.

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